SYNTHESIS OF SOME DERIVATIVES 9-ARYL-1,8-DIOXOOCTAHYDROXANTHENE AND 2,2'-ARYL-METHYLENE BIS(3-HYDROXY-2-CYCLOHEXENE-1-ONE) IN AQUEOUS MEDIA



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Received: 12 / 4 /2007 Accepted: 20 / 10 /2007 Available online: 14/6/2012 DOI: 10.37652/juaps.2007.15597 **Keywords:** Synthesis of , 9-aryl-1, 8-dioxooctahydroxanthene , 2,2'-aryl-methylene bis(3-hydroxy-2cyclohexene-1-one) . aqueous media.

ABSTRACT

This research concerned with the reaction of Aryl- benzoylchloride with 1,3cyclohexanedione in aqueous media (which has been catalyzed by pdodecylbenezenesulfonic acid (DBSA) or sodiumdodecylsulfate (SDS)). The product include two types derivatives: seven compounds from 9-aryl-1, 8dioxooctahydroxanthene derivatives and seven compounds from 2,2'-arylmethylene Bis-(3- hydroxy- 2-cyclohexene-1-one) derivatives. The Products were diagnosed by the spectral methods (I.R.) and the elements quantities analyses (C.H.N.). Add-on products compound's, This method provides several advantages such as good yield, simple work-up procedure and environment friendly.

Introduction

In recent years, polyfunctionalized benzopyrans and their derivatives have attracted strong interest due to their useful biological and pharmacological properties, such as anticoagulant, spasmolytic, diuretic, antianaphylactin, anticancer.(1) In addition, they also constitute a structural unit of a series of natural products (2) and because of the inherent reactivity of the inbuilt pyran ring are versatile synthesis. (3) Furthermore, these compounds can be employed as cosmetics, pigments (4) and utilized as potential biodegradable agrochemicals. (5) Thus, synthesis of the heterocyclic nucleus is of such current importance. Octahydroxanthene derivatives containing a structural unit of benzopyrans can be used as antispasm (6) and fluorescent fuel (7). The tetraketones and their enol forms are the precursors of synthesis of. acridines, xanthenes and thiaxanthenes which contain structures such as dihydropyridine, pyran and thia pyran. (8).

The reaction of Aryl-benzalchloride and 1,3cyclohexanedione 9-aryl-1,8-dioxocan vield octahydroxanthene and their derivatives and 2,2'arylmethyl-ene bis (3-hydroxy-2-cyclo- hexene-1-one) by many methods. However, the use of pdodecylbenezenesulfonic acid (DBSA) or sodium dodecyl ulfate (SDS) as the catalyst in aqueous media for 9-aryl-1,8-dioxothe synthesis of octahydroxanthene nd their derivatives and 2,2'arylmethylene bis(3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1-one) has not been reported. Herein, we wish to synthesize 9-aryl-1,8-dioxooctahydroxanthene derivatives and 2,2'- arylmethylene bis (3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1one) using p-dodecyl-benezenesulfonic acid (DBSA) or sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) as the catalyst in aqueous media.

At the beginning of the new century a shift in emphasis in chemistry is apparent with the desire to develop environmentally benign routes to a myriad of materials using non-toxic reagents, solvents and catalysts (10) Recently "ideal synthesis" was defined as one in which the target compound is generated in

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one step, in quantitative yield from readily available and inexpensive starting materials in a resourceeffective and environmentally acceptable process. (9) Recently organic reactions in water without use of harmful organic solvents have attracted much attention, because water is a cheap, safe, and environmentally benign solvent. 10 DBSA and SDS have been used in a number of organic reactions as good catalysts. In the course of our investigations to develop new synthetic methods in water using DBSA and SDS as catalysts, we exa-mined the synthesis of 9aryl-1,8-dioxo-octahydroxanthenederivatives and 2,2'arylmethylene bis(3-hydroxy-2- cyclohexene-1-one) in water, as a green solvent. (See Scheme 1)

Experimental PROCEDURE

A mixture of an Benzoylchloride (10 gm, 0.077 mol), 1, 3-cyclohexane -dione (17.36 gm, 0.155 mol) and DBSA (20 mL) or SDS (10 mL) in water (20 mL) was stirred with refluxing for four hours. After comple-tion of the reactions, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and solid was filtered off and washed with H2O (40 mL) and the crude products were got. The crude products a and b were purified by recrystallization by ethanol 95%. (See Table(2)), and The spectra I.R. and the elements quantities analyses (C.H.N.). for compounds yields , (See ,Table (1), fig.(1),(2) and (3)).

Results and Discussion

In a typical general experimental procedure, a solution of an Aryl-Benzoylchloride and 1,3-cyclohexane -dione in water was heated under reflux water in the presence of a catalytic amount of DBSA (20 mL) or SDS (10 mL) for a certain period of time required to complete the reaction, the corresponding 9-aryl-1,8-dioxooct -ahydroxanthene derivatives and 2,2'-arylmethylene bis(3- hydroxy-2-cyclo-hexene-1-

one) were obtained in good yields. The results are summarized in Table 2. As shown in Scheme 1, the different products were obtained using different catalyst in this reaction. In a typical general experimental procedure

Aryl-Benzoylchloride and 1,3-cyclohexanedione reacted in the presence of a catalytic amount of DBSA or SDS, the corresponding products a and b were obtained in good to excellent yields. The catalyst effect shows that acid is needed during the cyclization.

To study the generality of this process, several examples illustrating this method for the synthesis a and b were studied. As shown in Table 2. The effect of electron and the nature of substituents on the aromatic ring did not show strongly obvious effects in terms of yields under this reaction conditions. The reaction proceeded smoothly under refluxing water to give the corresponding products a and b in good yields. Benzoylchloride and other Aryl-Benzoylchloride containing elect-ron-withdrawing groups such as nitro group, halide) or electron donating groups (such as hydroxy group, alkoxyl group) were employed and reacted well to give the corresponding a and b in good to excellent yields.

The catalyst plays a crucial role in the success of the reaction in terms of the rate and the yields. For example, 3-Bromobenzalchloride reacted with 1, 3cyclohexanedione in the presence of 20mL DBSA to give the product 2a in good yield (80.7%) at refluxing water after four hours of reaction time. Increasing of the catalyst to 20 and 30mL results in accelerating the reaction yields to 79% and 75.4% respectively. Use of just 20mL DBSA in refluxing water is sufficient to push the reaction forward. Higher amounts of the catalyst did not improve the results to a greater extent. Thus, 20mL DBSA was chosen as a quantitative catalyst for these reactions. In addition, it must be pointed out that all of these reactions were carried out in water and those products were characterized by melting point and IR.

Recommendation: Future reaction Bisaryl- benzoylchloride with 1,3-cyc-

lohexanedione in aqueous media yields two products : Bis-(9-aryl-1,8-dioxo -

octahydroxanthene derivatives)and Bis (2,2'arylmethylene Bis(3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1-one))in water. Scheme (2). No further work has been done on the point since it is beyond our present work.

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0.	Cm ⁻¹							
Comp. No.	C = 0	C-H	C-0-C	C-C	$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C}$	Н-О	Other	Ome
1a	1870	2830	1050	950	1500			
2a	1875	3010	1240	890	1590		C-Br	670
3a	1800	2900	1090	950	1630		C-Br	675
4a	1890	2890	1220	068	1580		C-Br	710
5a	1850	2900	1210	920	1610		C-C	960
6a	1865	3010	1055	086	1650		C-C	875

Table (1) Same Characterization I.R. absorption bonds

7a	1772	2980	1220	0 26	1670		C-0	1085
1b	1820	2885		870	1598	3650		-
2b	1750	3010		875	1590	3550	C-Br	590
3b	1790	2890		068	1585	3610	C-Br	610
4b	1795	3010		930	1650	3550	C-Br	690
5b	1795	3020		910	1700	3710	C-C	860
6b	1790	3020		970	1690	3680	C-C	955
Tb	1820	2980		880	1588	3490	C-0	1120
* as KB	r disc							

 Table (2) Synthesis of 9-aryl-1,8

 dioxooctahydroxanthene derivatives and 2,2'-aryl

 methylene Bis(3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1-one) in

 occessors media

aqueous media						
			M.P./ C ⁰			
R	Comp.No.	Yield(%)	Found	Reported		
Н	la	56	273-274	272-273 ^{8,9}		

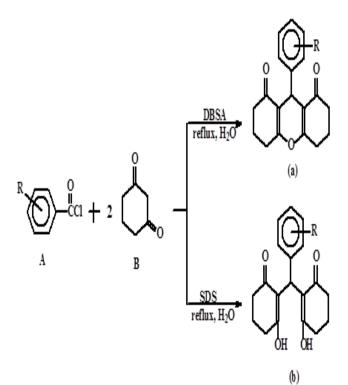
3-Br	2a	2.08	212-213	
2-Br	3a	62	210-209	
4-Br	4a	75.4	220-221	
4-CH ₃	5a	74	264-265	262-263 ⁹
3-C ₂ H ₅	6a	77	270-271	
4-CH ₃ O	7а	76.5	203-204	196-197 ^{8, 9}
Н	1b	88	220-221	210-211 ⁹
3-Br	2b	65.9	198-197	
2-Br	3b	77.5	225-224	
4-Br	4b	80.1	199-198	
4-CH3	5b	84	202-203	
3-C ₂ H ₅	6b	91.4	275-276	

4-CH3O 7b	89	200-201	ł
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 Table (3) Characterization data for the synthesized

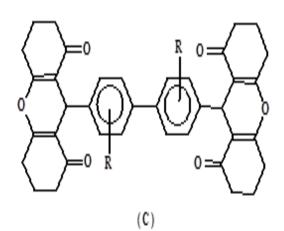
compounds								
	а (1	Analysis calc./Found					
Comp.	Formula (M.Wt.)	ັ ບ	H	10				
1a	$C_{19}H_{17}O_3$ (294)	6.46 6.40	6.12 6.09					
2a	C ₁₉ H ₁₇ O ₃ Br (373)	5.09 5.00	4.56 4.50	0.27 0.25				
За	C ₁₉ H ₁₇ O ₃ Br (373))	5.09 5.05	4.56 4.52	0.27 0.23				
4a	C ₁₉ H ₁₇ O ₃ Br (373)	5.09 5.02	4.56 4.49	0.27 0.26				
5a	$C_{20}H_{20}O_3$ (308)	5.49 5.33	6.49 6.44	-				
6a	$C_{21}H_{23}O_3$ (323)	6.50 6.20	7.12 7.10	l				
7а	$C_{20}H_{20}O_4$ (324)	6.17 6.11	6.17 6.08	l				
1b	$C_{19}H_{20}O_4$ (312)	60.9 6.01	6.41 6.37	l				
$2\mathbf{b}$	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ O ₄ Br (391)	4.86 4.80	4.86 4.80	0.26 0.20				

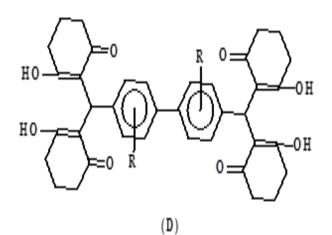
3b	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ O ₄ Br (391)	4.86 4.45	4.86 4.78	0.26 0.22
4b	C ₁₉ H ₁₉ O ₄ Br (391)	4.86 4.68	4.86 4.82	0.26 0.21
5b	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ O ₄ (326)	6.13 6.10	6.75 6.70	1
6b	$C_{21}H_{24}O_4$ (340)	6.18 6.02	7.06 7.00	1
ЧЪ	C ₂₀ H ₂₂ O ₅ (342)	5.85 5.79	6.43 6.38	ł



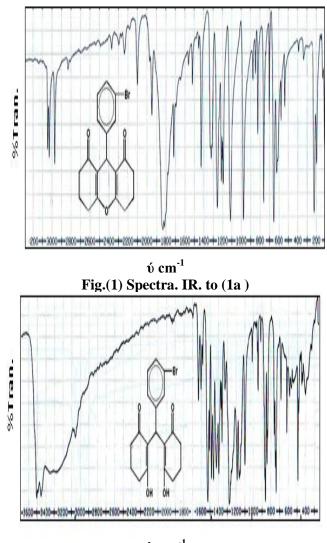
R = H, 3-Br, 2-Br, 4-Br, 4-CH₃, 3C₂H₅, 4-CH₃O,

Scheme(1) Synthesis of 9-aryl-1,8dioxooctahydroxanthene derivatives and 2,2'arylmethylene bis(3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1-one) in water





Scheme(2) Bis-(9-aryl-1,8dioxooctahydroxanthene derivatives)and Bis (2,2'arylmethylene bis(3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexene-1one))in water



 $\acute{\nu}~cm^{-1}$ Fig.(2) Spectra IR. to (2b)

تحضير بعض مشتقات ٩-أريل-١, ٨ - دايأوكسوأوكتا هيدروزانثين و ٢, ٢ '-أريل - مثليين بيس (٣-هيدروكسي - ٢ - سايكلوهكسين - ١ - أون) في أوساط مائية مروان محمد فرحان الهيتي

قسم الكيمياء- كلية التربية – جامعة الانبار

الخلاصة

p- تضمنت هذه الدراسة تفاعل Aryl-benzoylchloride مع 1,3-cyclohexanedione في أوساط مائية وباستخدام عوامل مساعدة من -p godium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) و dodecylbenezenesulfonic acid (DBSA) وباستخدام هذه العوامل أنتج نوعين من المشتقات سبع 2,2'-arylmethylene Bis-(3- hydroxy- 2- وسبع مركبات أخرى مشتقة من -2 y-aryl-1, 8-dioxooctahydroxanthene و مركبات مشتقة من -2 cyclohexene المركبات الخرى مشتقة من -2 cyclohexene-1-one) و تركبات المركبات المركبات المركبات مثلثة عرف من المشتقات من عامل معاد المركبات مركبات المركبات المرك